

PUBLIC DEBT BULLETIN

May 2010

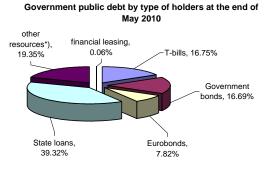
A. Public Debt*							
Public debt composition (RON mln)							
		31 december 2009**	31 May 2010***				
Dutstanding public debt % GDP		147,329.1	178,347.0				
		29.99%	34.94%				
	out of which:						
Α.	Government public debt	92.65%	94.03%				
	Local public debt	7.35%	5.97%				
В.	Government direct debt	92.76%	92.26%				
	Government guaranteed debt	7.24%	7.74%				
В.	Negotiable	40.50%	41.20%				
	Non-negotiable	59.50%	58.80%				
C.	RON	47.50%	47.66%				
	EURO	41.11%	38.82%				
	other currencies	11.39%	13.52%				

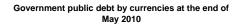
GDP: for 2009 RON 491.273,7 mln and for 2010 RON 510.449 mln

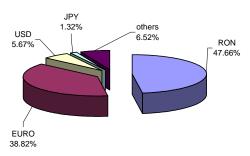
 * including the state and local authorities guaranteed debt according to EOG 64/2007

** according to General account of Public debt.

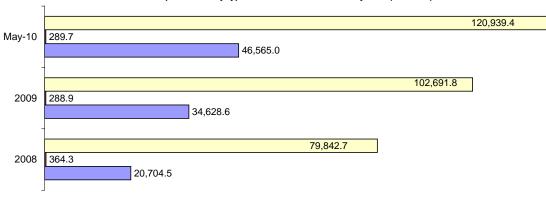
*** revisable data







*) loans from the availabilities of the Treasury General Accounts



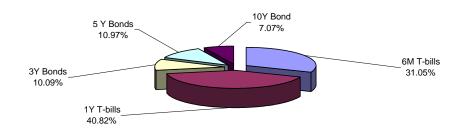
Government public debt by type of holders at the end of May 2010 (Ron mln.)

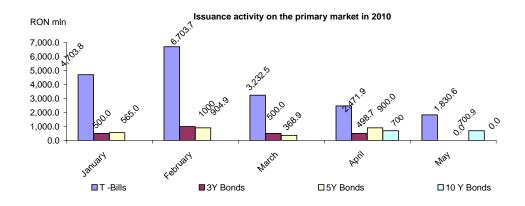
B. New government loans between 1 January - 31 May 2010

		RON mIn
The structure of loans contracted between 1 January 2010 - 31 May 2010		
government securities issued on domestic market	19,812.2	
cash management instruments*	0.0	
state loans, out of which:	7,484.5	
- contracted directly	4,162.3	
- state guaranteed	3,322.2	
TOTAL	27,296.6	

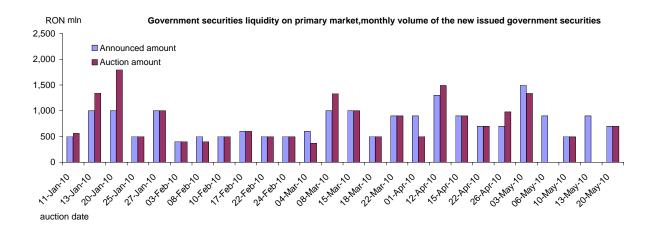
Government securities by initial maturity issued between 1 January - 31 May 2010

*) cash management instruments contracted on short term, at 31 May 2010

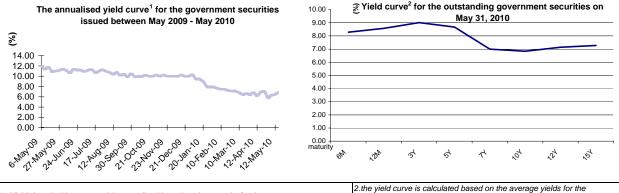




C. Primary and secondary market

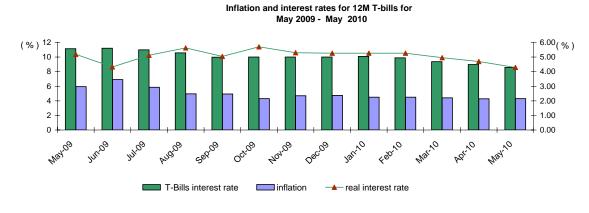


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1.the Yield (nominal interest rate) is annualised based on the maturity for the government securities. Otherwise, if the government securities have 3M maturity, it is used the formula: $Y=[(1+y/400)^{4}-1]^{*}100$, where y is the yield

2.the yield curve is calculated based on the average yields for the outstanding governmnet securities



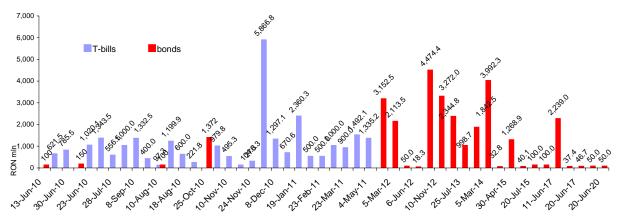
Note : The monthly real interest rate is calculated as the difference between 12 M T-bills interest rate and inflation rate.

Remaining maturity of the government securities *

	31-Dec-09	%	31-May-10	% în total
Total amount	46,134.0	100.00%	55,660	100.00%
out of wich:				
short term (<1an)	25,350.0	54.95%	29,386	52.80%
medium term (1-5 Y)	19,489.0	42.24%	23,611	42.42%
long term (>5ani)	1,295.0	2.81%	2,663	4.78%
* does not include eurobonds	1,295.0	2.01/0	2,003	4.70%

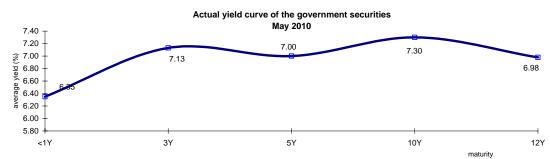
Weighted average value of the remaining maturity for T-bills and bonds is at the end of May 2010: 1,7 years

Redemtion schedule of the outstanding government securities at the end of May 2010

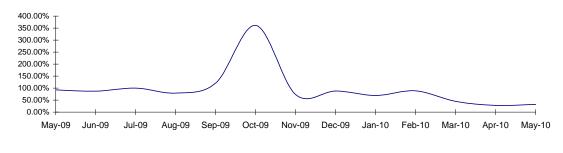


Note: does not include eurobonds

II. Secondary market



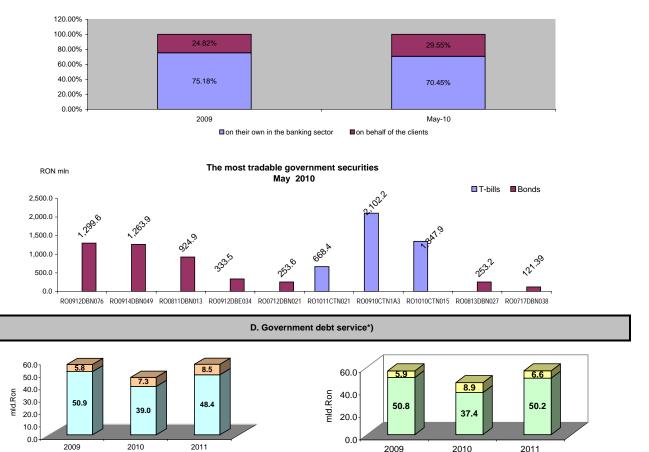
Liquidity degree⁴ of the government securities traded between May 2009 - May 2010



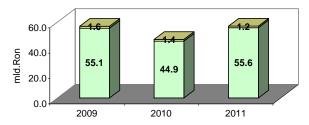
 Iiquidity degree is calculated as report between the total volume of the monthly transactions and the total volume of the government securities

□ capital rates □ interest and fees



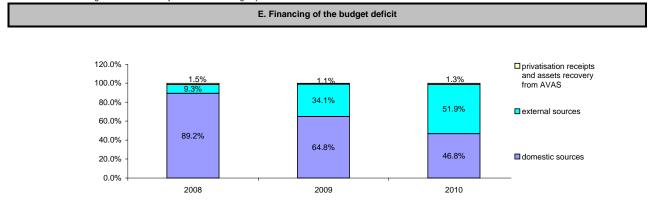


domestic public debt service external public debt service

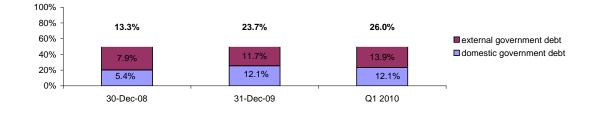


government direct debt service government guarantedd debt service

*) Projection includes the debt service for new debt (domestic and external, includes external financing package with IMF, EC and IBRD) to be issued for financing the deficits of next years and refinancing of public debt.



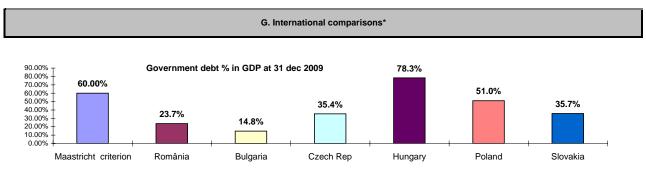




G. Evolution of government debt according ESA 95 methodology

	2008	2009	Q1 2010 min RON
General Government*	68,532.2	116,526.4	132,703.3
Central Government	69,674.1	113,916.8	131,910.1
Local Government	9,511.7	11,310.3	11,297.1
Social Security Funds	2,273.5	2,714.3	6,146.5

*) the consolidation is made within each sub-sector but not between sub-sectors.



*)according to the EU methodology (ESA 95)